

## EXERCISE-20 (K. C. Nag, Arithmetic)

(From this exercise sum no. 17-40 will be in your syllabus)

17. In one day A can do  $\frac{1}{18}$  part of the work.

In one day B can do  $\frac{1}{12}$  part of the work.

For the last 3 days A has worked alone.

$\therefore$  In last 3 days A has done  $3 \times \frac{1}{18}$  part or  $\frac{1}{6}$  part.

$\therefore$  A and B together have done  $(1 - \frac{1}{6})$  part or  $\frac{5}{6}$  part of the work.

In one day A and B together can do

$$(\frac{1}{18} + \frac{1}{12}) \text{ part} = \frac{2+3}{36} \text{ part} = \frac{5}{36} \text{ part.}$$

$\therefore$  To complete  $\frac{5}{6}$  part they need  $(\frac{5}{6} \div \frac{5}{36})$  days

$$= \frac{5}{6} \times \frac{36}{5} = 6 \text{ days.}$$

$\therefore$  The number of days needed to complete the whole work is  $(6+3)$  days or 9 days.

19. In one day A and B can do  $\frac{1}{10}$  part.

In one day B and C can do  $\frac{1}{15}$  part

In one day A and C can do  $\frac{1}{25}$  part

$$\begin{aligned} \text{In one day } 2 \times (A+B+C) \text{ can do } & (\frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{15} + \frac{1}{25}) \text{ part} \\ & = \frac{15+10+6}{150} = \frac{31}{150} \text{ part} \end{aligned}$$

$\therefore$  In one day A, B and C together can do  $\left(\frac{31}{150} \div 2\right)$  part =  $\frac{31}{150} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{31}{300}$  part.

$\therefore$  In 4 days A, B and C can do

$$\frac{31}{300} \times 4 = \frac{31}{75} \text{ part of the work}$$

In 1 day B and C can do  $\frac{1}{15}$  part.

$\therefore$  In 5 days B and C can do  $\frac{1}{15} \times 5 = \frac{1}{3}$  part

$\therefore$  After  $(4+5)$  days or 9 days  $\left\{1 - \left(\frac{31}{75} + \frac{1}{3}\right)\right\}$  part or  $\left\{1 - \left(\frac{31+25}{75}\right)\right\}$  part or  $\left(1 - \frac{56}{75}\right)$  part

or  $\frac{19}{75}$  part of the work is left.

In one day C can do  $\left(\frac{31}{300} - \frac{1}{10}\right)$  part

or  $\frac{31-30}{300}$  part or  $\frac{1}{300}$  part.

$\therefore$  The number of days needed by C to complete the work =  $\left(\frac{19}{75} \div \frac{1}{300}\right) =$

$$\frac{19}{75} \times 300 \text{ days} = 76 \text{ days.}$$

$\therefore$  In 76 days C will complete the work.

20. B has worked alone for last 10 days.

$\therefore$  A and B have worked together for  $(30-10)$  days or 20 days.

In 1 day A and B can do  $\frac{1}{25}$  part.

$\therefore$  In 20 days A and B can do  $20 \times \frac{1}{25} = \frac{4}{5}$  part.

$\therefore$  In 10 days B has done  $(1 - \frac{4}{5})$  part or  $\frac{1}{5}$  part.

$\therefore$  In one day B can do  $(\frac{1}{5} \div 10)$  part =  $\frac{1}{50}$  part.

In 20 days B can do  $20 \times \frac{1}{50} = \frac{2}{5}$  part.

$\therefore$  In 20 days A has done  $(\frac{4}{5} - \frac{2}{5})$  part =  $\frac{2}{5}$  part.

$\therefore$  1 day A can do  $\frac{2}{5} \div 20 = \frac{2}{5} \times \frac{1}{20} = \frac{1}{50}$  part.

Or  $\frac{1}{50}$  part can be done by A in 1 day.

1 part can be done by A in  $1 \div \frac{1}{50}$  days  
 $= 1 \times 50 = 50$  days.

$\therefore$  A alone can do the work in 50 days.

22. Let A can do the work in  $x$  days.

$\therefore$  B will be able to do it in  $2x$  days,

and C in  $3x$  days and D in  $4x$  days.

If they work together, then in 1 day

they can do  $(\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{2x} + \frac{1}{3x} + \frac{1}{4x})$  part of the work.

$$\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{2x} + \frac{1}{3x} + \frac{1}{4x} = \frac{12+6+4+3}{12x} = \frac{25}{12x}$$

∴  $\frac{25}{12x}$  part can be done together in 1 day

$$1 \div \frac{25}{12x} \text{ days} = \frac{12x}{25} \text{ days}$$

According to the question,

$$\frac{12x}{25} = 8$$

$$\text{or } 12x = 8 \times 25$$

$$\text{or } x = \frac{8 \times 25}{12} = \frac{50}{3}$$

C can do the work in  $3x$  days.

$$\therefore \text{The number of days required} = \frac{50}{3} \times 3 = 50$$

24. In one hour the supply pipe can fill up  $\frac{1}{12}$  part of the cistern.

In one hour the other pipe can empty  $\frac{1}{18}$  part of the cistern.

If both pipes remain opened, then in one hour  $(\frac{1}{12} - \frac{1}{18})$  part or  $\frac{3-2}{36}$  part

or  $\frac{1}{36}$  part of the cistern can be filled.

∴  $\frac{1}{36}$  part can be filled in 1 hour

$$1 \div \frac{1}{36} = 36 \text{ hours}$$

∴ The required time is 36 hours.

26. Pipe A was opened for 2 hours and pipe B was opened for 1 hour when pipe C was opened at 5 pm.

∴ At 5 pm  $\left\{ (2 \times \frac{1}{3}) + (1 \times \frac{1}{4}) \right\}$  part

or  $(\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{4})$  part or  $\frac{8+3}{12}$  part or  $\frac{11}{12}$  part

of the cistern was filled up.

If 3 pipes remain opened, then  $\left\{ 1 - (\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4}) \right\}$  part

or  $(1 - \frac{4+3}{12})$  part or  $(1 - \frac{7}{12})$  part or  $\frac{5}{12}$  part

can be emptied in one hour.

∴ To empty  $\frac{11}{12}$  part, time needed =

$$\left( \frac{11}{12} \div \frac{5}{12} \right) \text{ hours} = \left( \frac{11}{12} \times \frac{12}{5} \right) \text{ hours}$$

$$= \frac{11}{5} \text{ hours or } 2 \text{ hours and } 12 \text{ minutes.}$$

∴ The cistern will be empty at

(5 pm + 2 hours 12 mins) or 7.12 pm.

28. In one minute the boy can fill  $\frac{4}{3}$  litres and the girl can fill  $\frac{3}{4}$  litres of water.

∴ In 1 minute both of them can fill  $(\frac{4}{3} + \frac{3}{4})$  litres or  $\frac{16+9}{12}$  litres or  $\frac{25}{12}$  litres of water.

∴ Time needed to fill the tank is  $(100 \div \frac{25}{12})$  min

$$\text{or } 4 \times \frac{100 \times 12}{25} \text{ min} = 48 \text{ minutes.}$$